

Abstract—The purpose of this study was to determine if there were differences in the prevalence of musculoskeletal disorders among different types of workers. Data from the National Longitudinal Study of the Adolescent Health Survey (Add Health) were used to examine self-reported musculoskeletal symptoms among adolescents who had worked during the previous year. The sample included 7,806 adolescents aged 12–19 years who reported having worked at least one hour during the previous year. The prevalence of musculoskeletal symptoms was higher among those who worked in non-manual occupations than among those who worked in manual occupations. This finding suggests that the risk of developing musculoskeletal disorders may be related to the type of work performed.

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Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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